SENATE BILL No. 497

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-3.1-24; IC 6-3.1-25.

Synopsis: Adoption expense tax credits. Provides a credit against adjusted gross income tax for adoption related expenses incurred by a taxpayer who adopts a child. Provides that the credit does not apply to stepparent adoptions. Allows a tax credit of not more than \$5,000 for a taxpayer whose household income is \$75,000 or less and gradually reduces the credit for taxpayers with household incomes greater than \$75,000 but less than \$115,000. For each special needs child adopted by a taxpayer in a taxable year, provides a tax credit of not more than \$5,000 against adjusted gross income for expenses related to the adoption of the special needs child without regard to the income levels applied to the adoption of a nonspecial needs child.

Effective: January 1, 2003.

Johnson

January 14, 2002, read first time and referred to Committee on Finance.





Second Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2002)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2001 General Assembly.

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning

SENATE BILL No. 497

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

l	SECTION 1. IC 6-3.1-24 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JANUARY 1, 2003]:

Chapter 24. Child Adoption Tax Credit

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "household income" means the total adjusted gross income of an individual, or of an individual and the individual's spouse if they reside together, for the taxable year for which the credit provided by this chapter is claimed.
- Sec. 2. (a) As used in this chapter, "qualified adoption expenses" means any of the following costs incurred by a taxpayer as the result of the finalized adoption of a child:
 - (1) Court costs.
 - (2) The putative father registry fee and adoption history fee.
- 14 (3) Actual and reasonable travel expenses of the adoptive parent.
 - (4) Actual and reasonable expenses for telephone service used in connection with the adoption by the adoptive parent.



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1	(5) Any lawful adoption expenses that are:
2	(A) expressly enumerated; or
3	(B) approved by the court supervising the adoption;
4	under IC 35-46-1-9(b).
5	(b) The term does not include the following:
6	(1) Expenses incurred for the adoption of a child by the child's
7	stepparent.
8	(2) Expenses incurred in carrying out a surrogate parenting
9	arrangement.
10	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "taxpayer" means an individual
11	who has any adjusted gross income tax liability.
12	Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in section 5 of this chapter, a
13	taxpayer who adopts a child is entitled to a credit against the
14	adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3 for the taxable year
15	during which the taxpayer adopts the child. Except as provided in
16	subsection (b) and IC 6-3.1-25-6, the credit is equal to the lesser of:
17	(1) the taxpayer's qualified adoption expenses for all children
18	adopted during the taxable year; or
19	(2) five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
20	(b) If the taxpayer's household income exceeds seventy-five
21	thousand dollars (\$75,000), the amount allowable as a credit under
22	this chapter for a taxable year is the lesser of the taxpayer's
23	qualified adoption expenses or the amount determined in STEP
24	FOUR of the following formula:
25	STEP ONE: Determine the amount by which the taxpayer's
26	household income exceeds seventy-five thousand dollars
27	(\$75,000).
28	STEP TWO: Divide the amount determined in STEP ONE by
29	forty thousand (40,000).
30	STEP THREE: Multiply the amount determined in STEP
31	TWO by five thousand (5,000).
32	STEP FOUR: Subtract the amount determined in STEP
33	THREE from five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
34	Sec. 5. A tax credit is not allowed under this chapter for an
35	adoption related expense:
36	(1) to the extent that the expense was funded or reimbursed by
37	a federal, state, or local program; or
38	(2) if the taxpayer claims a tax credit or deduction for the
39	expense under any other federal or state law.
40	Sec. 6. If both spouses reside in the same household, only one (1)
41	credit may be claimed by the spouses under this chapter for the
42	taxable year. However, in the case of a husband and wife who:



1	(1) incur adoption related expenses; and
2	(2) file separate tax returns;
3	the husband and wife may take the credit in equal shares or one (1)
4	spouse may take the entire credit.
5	Sec. 7. The amount of the credit provided by this chapter that
6	a taxpayer uses during a particular taxable year may not exceed
7	the sum of the taxes imposed by IC 6-3 for the taxable year after
8	the application of all credits that under IC 6-3.1-1-2 are to be
9	applied before the credit provided by this chapter. If the credit
10	provided by this chapter exceeds that sum for the taxable year for
11	which the credit is first claimed, then the taxpayer may elect to
12	have the excess carried over to succeeding taxable years and used
13	as a credit against the tax otherwise due and payable by the
14	taxpayer under IC 6-3 during those taxable years.
15	Sec. 8. (a) If the taxpayer elects to have the unused credit
16	carried over to succeeding taxable years under this chapter, then
17	each time the credit is carried over to a succeeding taxable year,
18	the unused credit is to be reduced by the amount that was used as
19	a credit during the immediately preceding taxable year. The credit
20	provided by this chapter may be carried forward and applied to
21	succeeding taxable years for fifteen (15) taxable years following the
22	unused credit year.
23	(b) A taxpayer is not entitled to a carryback or a refund of an
24	unused credit.
25	Sec. 9. A credit earned by a taxpayer in a particular taxable
26	year shall be applied against the taxpayer's tax liability for that
27	taxable year before any credit carryover is applied against that
28	liability under section 8 of this chapter.
29	SECTION 2. IC 6-3.1-25 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
30	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JANUARY 1, 2003]:
32	Chapter 25. Special Needs Child Adoption Tax Credit
33	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "disability" means a medically
34	verified mental, physical, or emotional impairment that
35	substantially limits at least one (1) major life activity, including
36	impairments that are congenital or acquired by accident, injury, or
37	disease.
38	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "qualified adoption expenses"
39	has the meaning set forth in IC 6-3.1-24-2.
40	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "special needs child" means a
41	child who has been determined by the division of family and

children, a child placing agency (as defined in IC 12-7-2-31), or by



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1	a circuit or superior court to be a child who:
2	(1) is a citizen or resident of the United States (as defined in
3	26 U.S.C. 217); and
4	(2) is:
5	(A) less than eighteen (18) years of age and:
6	(i) cannot or should not be returned to the home of the
7	child's parents; and
8	(ii) is reasonably difficult to place with adoptive parents
9	because the child is at least two (2) years of age, is part
.0	of a group of siblings to be placed in the same home, is a
.1	member of a minority group, or has a disability; or
2	(B) at least eighteen (18) years of age and has a disability
.3	that would limit the child's ability to live independently of
.4	the adoptive parents.
.5	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "taxpayer" means an individual
.6	who has any adjusted gross income tax liability.
.7	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "department" refers to the state
8	department of revenue.
9	Sec. 6. (a) A taxpayer who legally adopts a special needs child
20	after December 31, 2002, is entitled to a tax credit under subsection
21	(b).
22	(b) The department shall grant a tax credit against adjusted
23	gross income tax liability equal to the lesser of:
24	(1) five thousand dollars (\$5,000); or
25	(2) the amount of qualified adoption expenses incurred;
26	for each special needs child adopted. However, the amount of the
27	credit must be reduced by an amount equal to any deductions,
28	credits, or funds for qualified adoption expenses that the taxpayer
29	is eligible for from any state or federal law or program.
30	Sec. 7. A husband and wife who adopt a special needs child and
31	who file separate tax returns may take the credit in equal shares or
32	one (1) of them may use the whole credit.
33	Sec. 8. (a) If the amount determined under section 6(b) of this
34	chapter for a taxpayer in a taxable year exceeds the taxpayer's
35	adjusted gross income tax liability (IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7) for
36	that taxable year, the taxpayer may carry the excess over to the
37	following taxable years. The amount of the credit carryover from
88	a taxable year shall be reduced to the extent that the carryover is
19	used by the taxpayer to obtain a credit under this chapter for any
10	subsequent taxable year.

(b) A taxpayer is not entitled to a carryback or refund of an



unused credit.

•	etermine initial or continuing eligibility for services for pecial needs child may qualify.
-	The department, after consultation with the division of
	children, may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 necessary to
•	this chapter.
-	N 3. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2003] IC 6-3.1-24 and
	, both as added by this act, apply to taxable years
	fter December 31, 2002.
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